CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 480 g/L TRIFLURALIN SOLVENT: 475 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON

GROUP HERBICIDE

A pre-emergence herbicide for the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in horticultural and agricultural crops as per the Directions for Use Table.

IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING THIS PRODUCT

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SITUATION &	OR USE – TABLE 1: FI WEEDS	STATE		TE/SOIL T	YPF	CRITICAL COMMENTS
CROP	MEED2	SIAIE	LIGHT	MEDIUM		
Adzuki Beans, Borlotti Beans, Cowpeas, Lablab, Mung Beans, Red	See Weed Table A	NSW, ACT, Qld only	1.2-1.5 L/ha	1.5 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha	Apply from 4 weeks up to just prior to sowing. Refer Incorporation Table option 3, 4 or 5 for suitabl method of incorporation.
Kidney Beans Barley	See Weed Table B	Qld only	800 mL/ ha			Apply to self-mulching and non self-mulching soils from 1 to 4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should b left flat. Refer Incorporatio Table option 6 for method of incorporation.
	See Weed Table C Plus Brome Grass (suppression), Sand Fescue	SA only	1.25 L/ha			Apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. DO NOT use presowing on self mulching soils as damage may occi from wheel tracking and poor control of wild oats. Refer Incorporation Table option 6 for method of incorporation.
Canola, Safflower	See Weed Table D	All States	1.2 L/ ha	1.5 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table option 6 or 11 for method of incorporation.
Chickpeas	See weed Table B plus Black Pigweed, Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed) (suppression) Annual Ryegrass,	Qld only Vic only	1.25-1.7 L/ha			Use 1.25 L/ha when applying immediately prio to sowing. Use 1.7 L/ha when applying to dry soil before the planting rain.
	Deadnettles, Wild Oats, Wireweed (Hogweed)		800 mL/ha plus 1.6 L/ha Tri-allate 500 g/L			recommendations for wheat, barley and triticale
	See Weed Table E	SA only	1.25 L/ha			Apply to level seedbed 0-4 weeks before sowing Refer to Incorporation Table note 6.
	See Weed Table A	NSW, ACT only	1.2-1.5 L/ha	1.5 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha	Apply from 4 weeks up to just prior to sowing. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 3, 4 or 5 for suitabl method of incorporation.
Cotton	See Weed Table D	Qld, NSW, ACT, WA only	1.2 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha	2.3 L/ ha	Spray between 6 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 1 & 2 for method of incorporation.
Faba Beans	Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Brome Grass (suppression), Capeweed, Corn Gromwell (Sheepweed), Fumitories, Geranium, Ivy Leaf, Speedwell, Mustards, Soursob, Turnips, Wild Oats (soil surface), Wireweed	SA, WA only	800 mL/ha plus 1.1 kg/ha Simazine (900g/kg Dry Flowable)		azine	Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For fully reliable results significant rainfall (20-30mm) is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application.
Legume Seed Crop Establishment -Annual Medics -Clover (Berseem Red, Strawberry Sub and White)	See Weed Table D	NSW, ACT, SA, WA, Vic, Tas only	1 .2-1.7 L/ha 1.7 L/ha			Autumn Sowing – Use lower rates. Apply from 4 weeks to 7 days before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation. Spring Sowing – Use higher rates. Apply between 4 weeks and 3 days before sowing takes
Legume Seed Crop Establishment Lucerne - for hay and seed crops		All States				place. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation. In both cases seedling disease, cold weather, excessive moisture, high salt concentrations and drought could weaken cro seedlings and damage could occur from use of this product. Temporary crop suppression could result.
Lentils	Annual Phalaris, Annual Ryegrass, Wild Oats, Wireweed Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Canary Grass, Fumitory - Red and White, Rough Poppy, Sand	NSW, ACT only SA only	800 mL/ha	1.2 1.25 L/ha	L/ha	Apply 1 to 4 weeks before sowing.
Linseed	Fescue, Wireweed See Weed Table D	NSW, ACT, SA, WA, Vic only	1.2 L/ ha	1.5 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha	Spray 2-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be 1.3 to 2.5cm. Deeper sowing may result in some stand reduction. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation.

	OR USE – TABLE 1: FI					
SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	LIGHT	MEDIUM	HEAVY	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Lupins	See Weed Table D	All States	1.2 L/ ha	1.5 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just prior to sowing. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation. WA ONLY: Use higher rate for heavier stubble coverage. Stubble coverage above 40-50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels. Refer Incorporation Table 13 for method of incorporation.
	Annual Grasses and Broadleaf Weeds	NSW, ACT, Vic, Qld only	800 mL/ha plus 1.7 kg/ha Simazine (900 g/kg Dry Flowable)		azine	Use a low volume boom applying 50-100 L spray mixture per hectare. Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5cm just prior to sowing the crop. Incorporate within 4 hours of application. DO NOT spray to a ridged soil.
	Annual Ryegrass (suppression), Capeweed, Doublegee, Radish, Turnip, Wild Oats (soil surface)	WA only	1.25 L/ha plus 560-830 g/ha of Simazine (900 g/kg Dry Flowable)			Rate for Yellow Sands. Refer to Incorporation Tables 11, 12 or 13. Rate for all other soil types.
	Brome Grass (suppression)		1.25 L/ha plus 1.1 kg/ha of Simazine (900 g/kg Dry Flowable) 1.25 L/ha plus 1.1 kg/ha Diuron 900 g/kg (Dry Flowable) 1.25-1.7 L/ ha		nazine	Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Application should not be made to rigid or excessively cloddy soil. For Simazine to be effective sufficient rainfall (20-30mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application. Results with Simazine can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and Lupins are sown into dry or low
	Annual Ryegrass (suppression), Brome Grass, Capeweed, Doublegee, Wild Oats (soil surface), Wild Radish, Wild Turnip				900 g/kg	moisture seed beds. DO NOT use on white or grey sands as severe crop damage may result. Use tank mix of Diuron & Trifluralin where Annual Ryegrass is present. Apply at pre-sowing stage when using incorporation method in Table 13. For Postsowing Pre- emergent application, ensure seed is adequately covered with soil. Refer to Incorporation Table 12.
	See Weed Table E					Spray between 4 weeks and just prior to sowing. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation.
	See Weed Table E plus Capeweed, Common Fumitory, Geranium, Ice Plant (suppression), Indian Hedge Mustard, Sheepweed, Shepherd's Purse, Toadrush, Soursob, Turnips	SA only	1.25 L/ha-1.7 L/ha plus 1.1-2.2 kg/ha Simazine (900 g/kg Dry Flowable)			Use a low volume boom applying 50-100 L spray mixture per hectare. Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5cm just prior to sowing the crop. Incorporate within 4 hours of application. DO NOT apply to ridged soil.
Navy Beans Peanuts	See Weed Table F See Weed Table D	All States WA, Qld	1.2 L/ ha	1.5 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer
Peas	See Weeu Table D	All States				Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of incorporation. Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table Notes 6 or 11 for suitable method of incorporation.
Pidgeon Peas	Barnyard Grass, Canary Grass, Crowsfoot Grass, Pigweed, Redroot (Amaranthus), Spiny Burrgrass, Summer Grass, Wild Oats (soil surface), Wireweed (Hogweed), Yellow Vine (Caltrop) (suppression) From seed only: Columbus Grass, Guinea Grass, Johnson Grass, Liverseed Grass	NSW, ACT only				Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing. Refer to Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 6 for suitable method of incorporation.
Soybeans	See Weed Table F	All States	1.2 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha	2.3 L/ ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing
						takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of
Sugar Cane	See Weed Table D	NSW, ACT Qid only		2.3 L/ha 3.0 L/ha		Use lower rate for Early Season and higher rate for Late Season. Apply to plant cane after emergence to "out of hand" stage. Apply to ratoon immediately after harvest. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 7 or 10 for suitable method of incorporation.
Sunflowers		All States	1.2 L/ ha	1.5 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for method of
Tobacco	Button Grass, Crowsfoot Grass, Love Grass, Pigweed, Red Natal Grass, Rhodes Grass, Summer Grass Crowsfoot Grass	NSW, ACT only	800 mL/ha	1.2 L/ ha	1.2 L/ ha	incorporation. Apply to soil 3-4 weeks prior to transplanting. The longer period to be used for applications made during June and July. Incorporate to a depth of 10 cm. Apply to light sandy soil 14 to 21 days before transplanting. DO NOT incorporate to a depth greater than 6 cm. Apply to loam (medium soil) 14 to 21 days before transplanting. DO NOT incorporate to a depth greater than 6 cm. Apply to loam (medium soil) 14 to 21 days before transplanting. DO NOT incorporate to a depth greater to a depth greater to a depth incorporate to a depth incorporate to a depth
Vetch	Annual Ryegrass, Brome Grass (suppression of), Deadnettle, Rough Poppy, Speedwell, Sheepweed, Three Cornered Jack, Wild Oats (soil surface), Wireweed, Yellow Burr Weed	SA, WA only		1.7 L/ha		incorporate to a depth greater than 6 cm. Apply to level seedbed 0 to 4 weeks before sowing. Refer to Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation.

	OR USE – TABLE 1: F					
SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	RA1	E/SOIL T		CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat	See Weed Table B	Qld only		300 mL/h		On self-mulching soils apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. On self-mulching soils, as above except apply more than 4 weeks before sowing to prevent crop damage. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of
Wheat, Triticale	Annual Phalaris	NSW, ACT only	800 mL/ ha plus 20 g/ha Chlorsulfuron (750 g/kg)			incorporation. If possible spray and incorporate into the soil in one operation. If this is not possible incorporation should take place within 4 hours of spraying. Delay may cause inferior weed control.
Wheat, Barley, Triticale	Annual Ryegrass, Phalaris spp., Wireweed (Hogweed) Canary Grass Fumitory Annual Ryegrass, Canary Grass, Phalaris spp., Wireweed (Hogweed)	NSW, ACT, WA, Vic only Vic only WA only	800 mL/ ha		a	Pre-Sowing Only – Apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5 cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. DO NOT use pre-sowing on self-mulching soils as damage may occur from wheel tracking and give poor control of Wild Oats. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation. Pre-Sowing – Apply more than 4 weeks before sowing to prevent crop damage. Post-Sowing (self mulching soils) – Apply within 2 days after sowing to well prepared seedbed. Refer to Incorporation
Wheat, Rye, Triticale	See Weed Table C	SA only				Table 6 for suitable method of incorporation. Apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5 cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. DO NOT use pre-sowing on self-mulching soils as damage may occur from wheel tracking and give poor control of Wild Oats. Refer to Incorporation Table 6 fo method of incorporation.
FIELD CROPS: SITUATION &	PRE-SOWING OR INC	ORPORAT STATE		OWING (IE TE/SOIL T		CRITICAL COMMENTS
CROP						
Chickpeas	Annual Ryegrass, Fumitory,	WA only		-1.7 L/ha /ha of Sin		Incorporate as per Table 13.
Wheat, Barley and Triticale	Phalaris spp., Wireweed	WA, SA, Vic, NSW, ACT only	(900 g/kg Dry Flowable) 1.50-2.0 L/ha			Use higher rate on lighter sandy and sandy loam soils. DO NOT use on heavy soils. Use with knife/blade point sowing equipment. Use higher rate for heavier stubble coverage. Stubble coverage above 40-50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels. Refer Table 13 for method of incorporation. WA only – Application can occur 0-24 hours prior to incorporation by sowing. For best results apply as close as possible to sowing (within 12 hours). Application 12-24 hours before sowing may be more adversely affected by above average soil moisture, warm temperatures and high weed seed densities. These factors individually or combined may reduce final weed control levels.
SITUATION &	ORCHARDS AND VIN WEEDS	STATE	RAT	E/SOIL T	YPE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
CROP Carrots	See Weed Table F	All	LIGHT 1.2 L/	MEDIUM 1.7 L/	HEAVY 2.3 L/	Spray between 4 weeks
Carrots Cauliflower Chicory Green Beans Orchards and Vineyards	See weed Table F	All States Vic, Qld only Vic only All States Qld, SA, WA, Vic, Tas only	1.2 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha 1.5 L/ ha 1.7 L/ ha	1.7 L/ ha 2.3 L/ ha	and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of incorporation. Apply to new planting during pre-plant cultivation. Apply to established crops in spring after weeds and green manure crop has been ploughed into ground.
Direct seeded only: Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts,	-	All States				Refer Incorporation Table option 8 or 9 for suitable method of incorporation. Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS **AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**

Broccoli,

Cabbage,

Cauliflowers,

Phalaris spp.

WEED TABLES						
TABLE A	TABLE B	TABLE C				
Annual Ryegrass Barnyard Grass Caltrop Crab Grass Fumitory (Suppression of) Paradoxa Grass (Canary Grass) Pigweed Redroot (Amaranthus) Wild Oats (soil surface) Winter Grass Wireweed	Annual Ryegrass Paradoxa Grass (Canary Grass) Wild Oats(Soil Surface) Wireweed (Hogweed)	Annual Ryegrass Deadnettle (suppression of) Fumitory - Red & White Phalaris spp. Rough Poppy Wireweed Yellow Burr Weed				
TABLE D	TABLE E	TABLE F				
Black Pigweed (Qld only) Crab Grass Mossman River Grass (Innocent Weed) Pigweed Redroot (Amaranthus) Redshank (Prince of Wales Feather) Summer Grass Wild Oats (soil surface) Winter Grass Wireweed (Hogweed) From seed only: Annual Ryegrass Barnyard Grass Caltrop (Bullhead / Yellow Vine) Columbus Grass Fumitory Guinea Grass Johnson Grass	Annual Ryegrass Barley Grass Barley Grass Canary Grass Cereal Oats Deadnettle (suppression of) Fumitory – Red & White Rough Poppy Sand Fescue Speedwell Three Cornered Jack Wild Oats (soil surface) Wireweed Yellow Burr Weed	Annual Ryegrass Barnyard Grass Caltrop (Bullhead / Yellow Vine) Canary Grass Crab Grass Mossman River Grass (Innocent Weed Pigweed Redroot (Amaranthus) Redshank (Prince of Wales Feather) Summer Grass Wild Oats (soil surface) Winter Grass Wireweed (Hogweed) From seed only: Columbus Grass Guinea Grass Johnson Grass Liverseed Grass (Urochloa)				

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

THIS PRODUCT MUST BE INCORPORATED INTO THE SOIL WITHIN 4 HOURS OF APPLICATION.

INCOR	NCORPORATION TABLE						
Point	Application	Directions					
1.	Prior to furrowing out	Two workings at an angle required using Offset OR Tandem disc harrows.					
2.	After furrowing out	Two workings required using Go-Devil discs or Lilliston cultivators set at 10 cm depth.					
3.	Rotary Hoe	One working required at 5-7.5 cm depth. Sugar Cane: 7.5-13 cm depth.					
4.	Offset OR Tandem Disc Harrows (preferably with spiked harrows in tandem)	Two workings at an angle required at 7.5-15 cm depth at 6.5-10km per hour.					
5.	Heavy Diamond OR Stump Jump Harrows	Weighted 20-30 kg per section at 10-13 km/hr speed. Then cross work with offset or tandem disc harrows set to 7.5-15 cm depth at speed 6.5-10 km per hour.					
6.	Weighted Heavy Diamond OR Stump Jump Harrows	Weight with 20-30 kg per section at 10-13 km per hour. Cross work with combine at 5-7.5 cm depth at speed of 10-13 km per hour.					
7.	Disc Ratoon Cultivator	Two workings needed with discs and cultivator set at 7.5-13 cm depth.					
8.	Offset OR Tandem Disc Harrows	Set at 7.5-15 cm depth. A second discing is required working in opposite direction with discs set to throw treated soil into tree or vine row.					
9.	Rotary Hoe	One working needed at 5-10 cm depth.					
10.	Offset Discs (Bumpers)	Two workings needed at depth 7.5-13 cm.					
11.	Incorporation by sowing (IBS)	On suitably prepared seedbed with heavy diamond harrows trailing or as a separate operation.					
12.	Post-sowing/ Pre-emergence	Use heavy diamond harrows, cross working at right angles to the direction of sowing. DO NOT attempt this method of incorporation on poorly prepared, clumpy or cloddy soils.					
13. Incorporation by sowing (IBS) with knife or blade points. (A knife or blade point is 12 mm or less, no wings, inverted T or blade and generally at a min of 8-inch tyne spacing).	Use press wheels to avoid dragging treated soil back into the seed furrow. Maintain a slow to moderate speed, so that soil is not thrown into adjacent furrows.						
	Warning: Knife or blade point systems can result in poor weed control in the seed furrow, as chemical can be displaced from this zone. Stubble coverage above 40-50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels.						

This product is an emulsifiable concentrate, which mixes readily with water. Add the recommended amount to the spray tank while filling with water. Apply the prepared mixture at a rate of 70-450 L of water per hectare (broadcast basis) dependent on soil type. Ensure adequate agitation is continued throughout the operation. Leaving the made up spray mixture for long periods of time without agitation is not recommended.

CONDITIONS FOR BEST RESULTS

This product must be thoroughly incorporated as recommended. Soil should be well-worked and free of weeds at time of application. Product effectiveness may be reduced by inadequate incorporation, high organic matter, excess clods, crop or trash residues, stones or other foreign matter and in areas of unnaturally high weed seed population such as header tracks or livestock rest areas. Trifluralin is volatile and disappears from exposed surfaces. Rate of loss is increased by high temperatures, wind or warm moist soil. Under hot conditions, spray and incorporate into the soil in one operation, if possible. Delay in incorporation may cause inferior weed control. Use properly calibrated standard low-pressure (170-340 kPa) boom type sprayer with flat fan tips.

INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT

The use of Integrated Weed Management techniques in conjunction with Sabakem Trifluralin 480EC Selective Herbicide is always recommended. Agronomic practices that reduce the weed seed bank in the soil prior to the use of Sabakem Trifluralin 480EC Selective Herbicide will result in higher weed control levels from Sabakem Trifluralin 480EC Selective Herbicide. Failure to use agronomic and Integrated Weed Management practices that reduce the weed seed bank in the soil will result in higher weed seed populations. Paddocks with excessively high weed seed banks may have sufficient weed numbers surviving such that final weed control may be considered below a commercially acceptable level and additional herbicide treatments may be necessary. The use of Integrated Weed Management techniques will also reduce the potential for the development or survival of Group D herbicide resistant

Germinating wild oats lying on the soil surface will be controlled. Therefore, specific wild oat control is only possible with shallow cultivation. Poor control will occur on self-mulching soils and all soil types where deep cultivation is practiced.

COMPATIBILITY

The following products are compatible with Sabakem Trifluralin 480EC Selective Herbicide: Herbicides: Chlorsulfuron 750 WP Herbicide, Diuron 900 DF, Metribuzin 750 DF, Paraguat 250, Simazine 900 DF, Tri-Allate 500 EC and Triasulfuron 750 WDG.

Insecticides: Chlorpyrifos 500 EC.

- 1. As products vary from manufacturer to manufacturer, a small scale compatibility test should be carried out before mixing in the spray tank.
- 2. Observe any mixing sequence instructions for tank mix products.

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND USAGE

Spray tanks, pumps, lines and nozzles should be thoroughly rinsed several times with clean water after

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING Sabakem Trifluralin 480EC Selective Herbicide is a member of the

GROUP | HERBICIDE Dinitroanilines group of herbicides. Sabakem Trifluralin 480EC Selective
Herbicide has the INHIBITORS OF TUBULIN FORMATION mode of action. For weed resistance management Sabakem Trifluralin 480EC Selective Herbicide is a Group D Herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Sabakem Trifluralin 480EC Selective Herbicide and other Group D herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Sabakem Trifluralin 480EC Selective Herbicide or other Group D herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Sabakem Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Sabakem Trifluralin 480EC Selective Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT use in high winds.

DO NOT exceed rates specified, to avoid crop damage. DO NOT plant sensitive grasses such as oats, sorghum, millets, Phalaris spp., ryegrass, or wheat for 12

months following the use of this product except where wheat follows wheat or other winter crops. DO NOT plant oil seed poppies when a detectable residue of Trifluralin is present in the soil. Levels as low as 0.02ppm may interact with other unfavourable factors (moisture, stress, disease etc) to reduce poppy growth and vigour.

DO NOT apply to orchards and vineyards after first flush of growth or when residues can lodge on or in

Reduced germination of wheat and barley may occur due to a combination of the following factors and the use of this product:

Drift Warning: DO NOT apply under meteorological conditions or from spraying equipment which could

- Short coleoptile cultivars
- Use of seed dressings (except Vitavax®) Shallow or uneven seeding depth.

be expected to cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible plants, adjacent crops, crop lands or pastures. PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL Store in the closed, original container in a dry well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. DO NOT

store below 5°C. Extended storage below 5°C can result in the formation of crystals on the bottom of the container. If crystallisation does occur, stand container on its side at room temperature and rock occasionally until crystals re-dissolve. Ensure any crystals are dissolved before adding to the spray tank. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

Refillable containers (110L, 1000L): Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Sensitive workers should wear protective clothing. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When opening the container and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat and elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126. If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet, which is available from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE The use of this product is beyond the control of Sabakem Pty Ltd. No warranty is expressed or implied

regarding the suitability or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer. Sabakem Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequences resulting from the use of this product. Sabakem Pty Ltd will not be held liable for any loss, injury or damage arising from the sale, supply or use of this product, whether through negligence or otherwise. No responsibility will be accepted for any consequences whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

Additional statements required by Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation.

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