

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product name: Sabakem Azoxystrobin 250 SC Fungicide
Other means of identification Suspension concentrate containing Azoxystrobin
Recommended use of the chemical Agricultural fungicide for use as described on the product label.
and restrictions on use:
Supplier: Sabakem Pty Ltd
Street address: Suite 809, Level 8, 2 Queen St
Melbourne VIC 3000 Australia
Telephone no.: 03 9629 3979
Website: www.sabakem.com
Emergency telephone: Poisons Information Centre 13 11 26 (24 hours)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance mixture: This material is hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

Classification of the substance or mixture:

Acute Inhalation Toxicity – Category 4
Serious Eye Damage – Category 1
Skin Sensitisation – Category 1A

The following environment hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace

Health and Safety Regulations:

Aquatic acute toxicity – Category 1
Aquatic chronic toxicity – Category 1

SIGNAL WORD: DANGER



Hazard Statement(s):

H318: Causes serious eye damage
H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction
H332: Harmful if inhaled
H400: Very toxic to aquatic life
H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:

P261: Avoid breathing fumes, mists, vapours or spray.
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
P273: Avoid release to the environment.
P280: Wear eye protection
P280: Wear protective gloves

Response:

P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention
 P321: See first aid on the label
 P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
 P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
 P312: Call a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell.
 P391: Collect spillage.

Disposal:
 P501: Dispose of contents/container as per container label, in accordance with local/state/territory government regulations.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Proportion (w/w)
Azoxystrobin	131860-33-8	20-25%
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated	68439-49-6	1-5%
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	0.1%
Other components are not considered hazardous in this formulation and therefore are not required to be disclosed according to the WHS Regulations.		

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Speed in treatment is essential. If poisoning occurs, contact a Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766 or a doctor. Have this SDS or the label with you.

Inhalation:	If symptoms of poisoning become evident, contact a Poisons Information Centre, or call a doctor at once. Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice. DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Symptoms of pulmonary oedema can be delayed up to 48 hours after exposure.
Skin contact:	Wash gently and thoroughly with water (use non-abrasive soap if necessary) for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention.
Eye contact:	Flush eyes with water for several minutes. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, wash mouth with water and contact a Poisons Information Centre or call a doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the Poisons Information Centre or doctor.
First aid facilities:	Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.
Symptoms caused by exposure:	Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye damage including stinging, redness and watering. May cause skin irritation, itchiness and redness. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting
Medical attention and special treatment:	Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing equipment:	In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal foam can be used. Try to contain spills, minimise spillage entering drains or water courses.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical:	The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen deficient (or both), fire gases. There is little risk of an explosion from this product if commercial

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Hazchem Code:

quantities are involved in a fire. Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

Full fire kit and breathing apparatus are recommended. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

•3Z (bulk only)

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

In the event of a major spill, evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not touch or walk through the spilled material. Wear full protective clothing including eye/face protection. All skin areas should be covered. It is good practice to wear impermeable gloves when handling chemical products. Provide adequate ventilation. If ventilation is not adequate in the clean-up area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Refer to protective equipment as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

Environmental precautions:

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses and call emergency services. Avoid release to the environment.

Stop leak if safe to do so and contain spill. Because of the environmentally hazardous nature of this product, special care should be taken to restrict release to waterways or drains. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. Refer to product label for specific instructions. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. Full details regarding disposal of used containers, spillage and unused material may be found on the label. If there is any conflict between this SDS and the label, instructions on the label prevail. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Keep containers closed at all times - check regularly for leaks or spills. Transport and store upright. Refer to Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under 'Storage' should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

This product is a Schedule 5 Poison according to the SUSMP. Observe all relevant regulations regarding sale, transport and storage of this schedule of poison. Store packages of this product in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Protect from open fire, heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Make sure that containers of this product are kept tightly closed. Keep containers dry and away from water. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under 'Incompatibilities' in Section 10. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure control measures:

No value assigned for this specific product by Safe Work Australia (SWA).

Biological monitoring:

No biological limit allocated for the product or any of its ingredients. No biological monitoring is required.

Control Banding: No information available.
Engineering controls: Use in well-ventilated areas. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use local exhaust ventilation. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

See container label safety directions. The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

Observe good standards of hygiene and cleanliness. Always wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment with detergent and warm water before storage or re-use.

Respiratory protection: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection should be worn. Consult AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 for further information.

Eye and face protection: Avoid contact with eyes. It is recommended to wear safety glasses or a face shield when using this product. Consult AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337 for further information.

Skin protection: Avoid contact with skin. Elbow-length rubber or chemical resistant gloves must be worn when opening the container and using the product. Always check with the glove manufacturer or your personal protective equipment supplier regarding the correct type of glove to use. Consult AS/NZS 2161 for further information.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Not determined
Odour:	Not determined
pH:	Not determined
Bulk Density:	Not determined
Melting point/Freezing point:	Not determined
Boiling point/range:	Not determined
Flash point:	Not determined
Evaporation point:	Not determined
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density:	Not determined
Solubility:	Not determined
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf-life properties.
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	The product is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.
Conditions to avoid:	Protect this product from light. Store in the closed original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials:	Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water is also formed. May form nitrogen and its compounds, and under some circumstances, oxides of nitrogen. Occasionally hydrogen cyanide gas in reducing atmospheres Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity:	Harmful if inhaled. Not considered to be acutely toxic via oral and dermal routes of exposure, according to classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity data available for the active constituent, Azoxystrobin: Acute inhalation toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg/bw (rat) Acute inhalation toxicity: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg/bw (rat) Acute inhalation toxicity: LD50 = 0.69 mg l ⁻¹ mg/kg/bw (rat)
Skin corrosion/ irritation:	Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met. May cause skin irritation but is unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort, itchiness and redness.
Serious Eye damage/irritation:	Causes serious eye damage. May cause stinging, redness and watering.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser according to classification principles.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Not suspected to cause genetic defects according to classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity:	Not considered to be carcinogenic according to classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity:	Not considered to be toxic to reproduction according to classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT-single exposure:	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ through single exposure according to classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT-repeated exposure:	Not expected to cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure according to classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard:	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard according to classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
Chronic health effects:	Not expected to cause chronic health effects.
Information on possible routes of exposure:	Oral, Dermal, Inhalation routes of entry are anticipated.
Interactive effects:	No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:	Available information on this product indicates that this product is classified as an aquatic toxicant (acute and chronic effects). Toxicity data is available on the active constituent, Azoxystrobin: LC50 (96h, Rainbow trout) = 0.47 mg/ L NOEC (28day, Fathead minnow) = 0.147 mg/l
Persistence/ Degradability:	Azoxystrobin is moderately persistent in soil (DT50 in field is 78 days). It is stable in water.
Bioaccumulative potential:	Azoxystrobin is not expected to bioaccumulate in organisms.
Mobility in soil:	Azoxystrobin has low to moderate mobility in soil ($K_{oc} = 589 \text{ mL g}^{-1}$).

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:	Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations and the product label. Single rinse bags and triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site.
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If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and rail transport:	Australian Special Provisions AU01: Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in; (a) packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); (b) or IBCs.
Marine transport:	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; MARINE POLLUTANT UN Number: 3082 Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS AZOXYSTROBIN) Transport Hazard Class: 9 Packaging Group: III IMDG EMS Fire: F – A IMDG EMS Spill: S - F Environmental hazards: Yes. Marine Pollutant substance(s): AZOXYSTROBIN Additional Information: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
Air transport:	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air. UN Number: 3082 Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS AZOXYSTROBIN) Transport Hazard Class: 9 Packaging Group: III Environmental hazards: Yes Additional Information: IATA Special Provision A197: when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg per packaging (inner or single) are not subject to the code.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison schedule (SUSMP):	5
APVMA approval no.:	91142
AICIS:	All the constituents of this material are either listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC), not required due the nature of the chemical as they are excluded as an industrial chemical or have been assessed under the Industrial Chemicals Act 1989 as amended.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

General information:	None
Issue number:	002
Issue date:	17 August 2026
In any event, the review and, if necessary, the re-issue of an SDS shall be no longer than 5 years after the last date of issue.	
Reason(s) for issue:	Five-year update and updated to latest GHS requirements
Key abbreviations or acronyms used:	ADG Code - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition) AICIS – Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (formerly NICNAS)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
AgVet Code Act 1994 – Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994
APVMA Agricultural Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Australia
GHS - Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (7th revised edition)
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (June 2023)
LD50 or LC50 – Estimated lethal dose / concentration to kill 50% of the population/sample.
STEL - Short term exposure limit means the average airborne concentration of a substance calculated over a 15 minute period. The STEL should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour working day.
STOT – Specific Target Organ Toxicity
SUSMP - Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons
SWA - Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC
TGA – Therapeutic Goods Australia
TWA - Time-weighted average means the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.
WHS – Workplace Health and Safety

Key literary references:

[Azoxystrobin | PubChem](#)

The physical values and properties described in this SDS are typical values based on scientific literature and material produced to date, and are believed to be reliable. The manufacturer, Sabakem Pte Ltd provides no warranties, either expressed or implied and assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data contained herein. The information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving information will make their own determination as to the suitability for their purposes prior to use of this product. Due care should be taken to ensure that the use of this product and its disposal is in compliance with all relevant Federal, State and Local Government regulations.

End of SDS